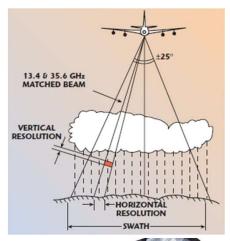




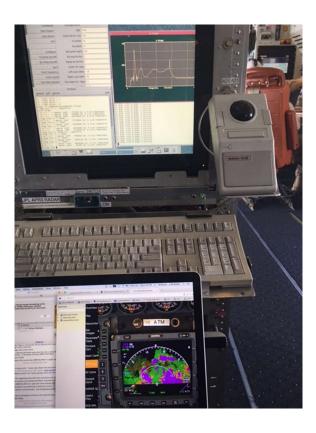
Jet Propulsion Laboratory Airborne Precipitation Radar (APR-3) - Overview California Institute of Technology

- Dual-frequency operation with Ku-band (13.4 GHz) and Ka-band (35.6 GHz)
- W-band nadir and scanning capability but not used in CPEX



- Measures reflectivity at co- and cross-polarizations, and Doppler
- Range resolution is ~ 50 m
- Range sampling 30 m
- Horizontal resolution at surface (from 11 km altitude) is ~ 1 km
- Maximum unambiguous velocity of ± 27.5 m/s Ku-band and ± 10.5 m/s Ka-band

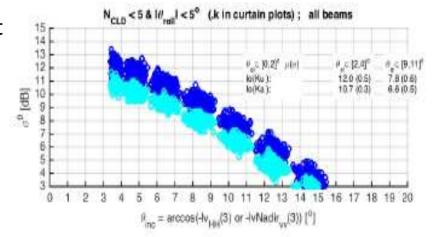






Data Quality

- Reflectivity calibration is likely 1-2 dB
 - Based on 10-degree incidence sigma0 at Kuband
 - Based on Mie scattering calculations in light rain at Ka-band
 - GPM DPR reflectivity ~1.5 dB higher
- LDR measurements are OK to near -20 dB; LDR lower than this is likely contaminated by system cross-polarization isolation
- Velocity is motion-corrected total Doppler, including particle fall speed
 - Used surface Doppler to estimate aircraft motion
 - Simple de-aliasing algorithm applied but some aliasing may be left over





All files are KUsKAs

No "hires" structure

available

"APR2 mode", W-band is not

Contents of APR3-L2ZV_DC8_20170610203143_R2_KUsKAs.h5

d = struct with fields:

lores: [1×1 struct]

params_KUKA: [1×1 struct]

postEng_cal: [1×1 struct] – not needed by users

d.params_KUKA = struct with fields:

AntRetraceTime s: 0.6000

AntScanLeft_deg: -25

AntScanRight_deg: 25

AntScanTime_s: 1.2000

CalVersion: 99

Fixed Ka Pt: 0

Ka Port: 0

Nbeams: 24

Nbeams data: 23

Nbeams noise: 1

Nbin_per_ray: 550

Npuls_avge: 250

Nscan: 621

PRF_Hz: 5000

Range_Size_m: 30

Rx_Atten: 10

Tx_Atten: 20

pulselen_us: 10

range0 m: -810.0000



Contents of APR3-L2ZV_DC8_20170610203143_R2_KUsKAs.h5 (II)

d.lores ---

alt3D: [621×24×550 double]
alt_nav: [621×24 double]
beamnum: [621×24 double]
drift: [621×24 double]
gsp_mps: [621×24 double]
isurf: [621×24 double]
lat: [621×24 double]
lat3D: [621×24×550 double]
ldr14: [621×24×550 double]
ldr35: [621×24×550 double]
lon: [621×24 double]
lon: [621×24 double]
lons [621×24×550 double]
look_vector: [621×24×3 double]
look vector radar: [621×24×3 double]

path vals: [621×24×15 double]

pitch: [621×24 double]
roll: [621×24 double]
scantime: [621×24 double]
sequence: [621×24 double]
surf_vals: [621×24×8 double]
surface_index: [621×24 double]
v_surf: [621×24 double]
v_surfdc8: [621×24 double]
vel14: [621×24×550 double]
vel35: [621×24×550 double]
vel35c: [621×24×550 double]
zhh14: [621×24×550 double]
zhh35: [621×24×550 double]



Accessing Reflectivity

Get reflectivity from

d.lores.zhh14(:,1:23,:)

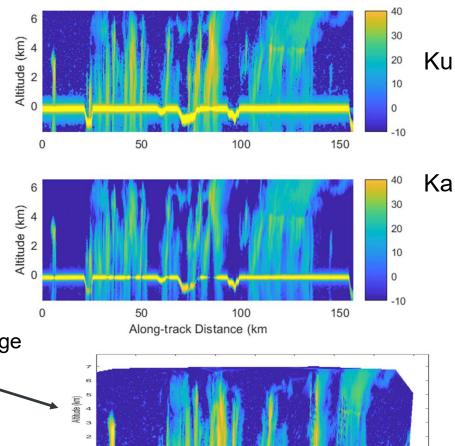
d.lores.zhh35(:,1:23,:)

Make images:

pcolor(x,y,squeeze(z14(:,beam,:))')
pcolor(x,y,squeeze(z35(:,beam,:))')

Using same beam in all scans causes surface to move due to aircraft turns

- Can resample to Cartesian
- Slices have constant surface range



60 80 100 Along-track Distance (km



APR3 Data Collection During CPEX

| # | Date | Observation |
|---|---------------|--|
| 1 | 2017, May 27 | First local science flight; box pattern in central Gulf; clear air only |
| 2 | 2017, May 29 | Sampling of scattered convection in NW Caribbean; cells 1813, 1942-2000 |
| 3 | 2017, May 31 | Multiple boxes over Atlantic, near Bahamas and north of Hispaniola; mostly clear |
| | | but cells at 1936, 2120 |
| 4 | 2017, June 1 | Convective system over eastern Gulf; multiple passes over convection; 25 minute |
| | | data loss at Ka-band due to TWT amplifier breaker trip |
| 5 | 2017, June 2 | Extended E-W box over western and central Gulf; clear areas and some |
| | | convective cells, e.g., 1750, 1928; decaying convection 1830-1900, 2100-2110 |
| 6 | 2017, June 6 | Convection over eastern Gulf, especially near 1858, 1955-2115, 2105, 2140 |
| 7 | 2017, June 10 | Boxes east of the Bahamas; stratiform with some convection on ascent 1840- |
| | | 1850, small cells in box 1925, 2004, 2035-2045, 2118, 2140, 2210-2216 |
| 8 | 2017, June 11 | East west legs over convective system in central Gulf; isolated cells 1801, 1830, |
| | | 1850; extensive precip on lines starting 1900, 1920, and N to S line starting 2005 |
| 9 | 2017, June 15 | Caribbean, east of Yucatan, convection at times near 1920, 1940, 1953, 2011 |

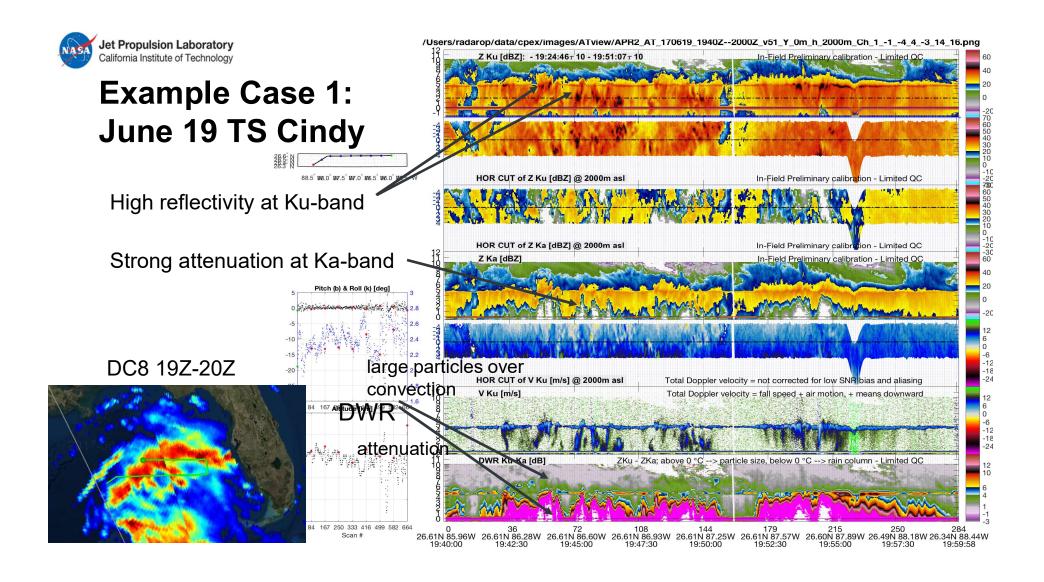
1



APR3 Data Collection During CPEX (II)

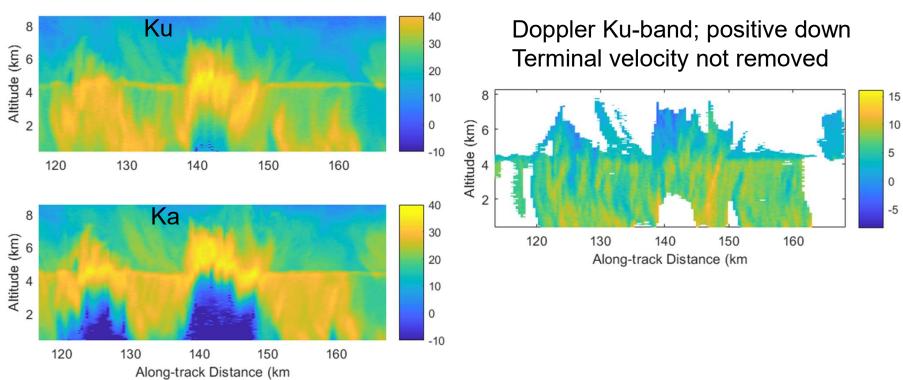
| # | Date | Observation |
|----|---------------|---|
| 10 | 2017, June 16 | Caribbean, boxes east of Yucatan; convection near times 1830-1940, 2050-2140 |
| 11 | 2017, June 17 | Caribbean, boxes east of Yucatan; convective cells 1745, 1800-1815, 2044-2054, |
| | | 2223; sampled convective system with box pattern between 1900 and 2030 |
| 12 | 2017, June 19 | East west legs over north central and northeast Gulf, Tropical Storm Cindy; |
| | | extensive precipitation 1700-1820, 1840-2005; numerous isolated cells to 2130, |
| | | then more extensive areas to 2224 |
| 13 | 2017, June 20 | Bow tie pattern in central Gulf; convective system 1742-1754, cells 1815-1820, |
| | | very shallow convection 1923, extensive precip 2110-2150 |
| 14 | 2017, June 21 | East west flight across Gulf; isolated cell 1842, 1942, 2028, 2107, 2124, 2158, |
| | | 2240; stratiform/transitional 1925-1937 |
| 15 | 2017, June 23 | Box pattern to east of Bahamas crossed isolated cells 1832, 1859, 1910, 1917; |
| | | multiple lines over area with isolated cells 1912-1939 |
| 16 | 2017, June 24 | Over and around Cuba; convection 1744, box pattern cells near 1829, isolated |
| | | cells 1843-1944; mature cell near 2106, more cells 2112-2143 |

S



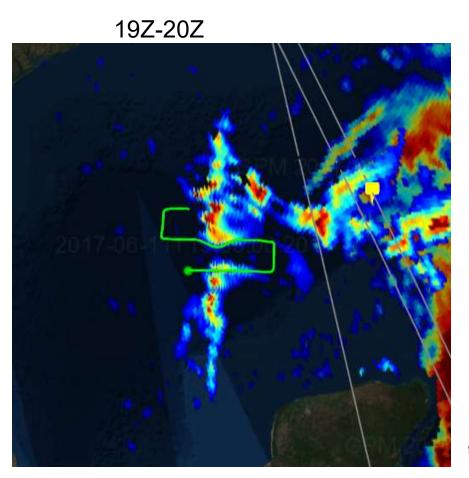


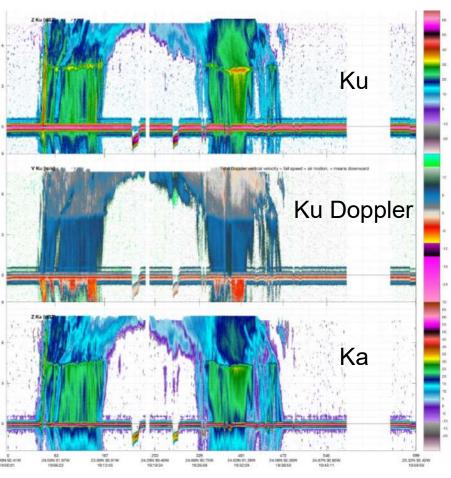
Example Case 1: June 19 TS Cindy (II) Zoom in on Convection Near 1945





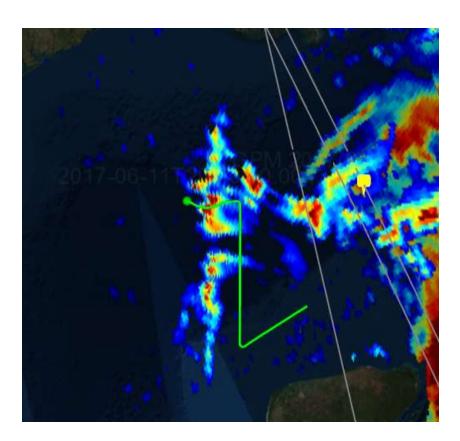
Jet Propulsion Laboratory California Institute of Technology Example Case 2: June 11

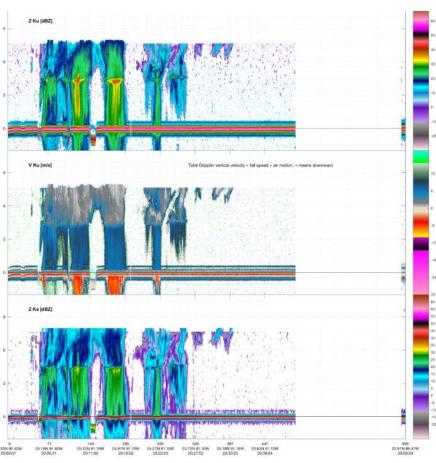






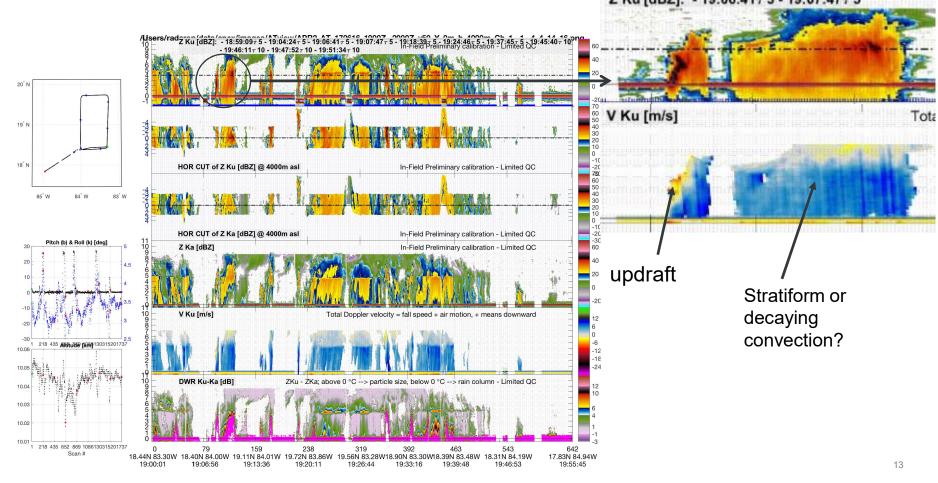
Jet Propulsion Laboratory California Institute of Technology Example Case 2: June 11 (II) 20Z-21Z







Jet Propulsion Laboratory California Institute of Technology Example Case 3: June 16 Box





Summary

- No serious instrument problems over experiment
- Release version calibration appears consistent with previous APR3 Ku/Ka data
- Data format is HDF5, new starting with 2016 ORACLES data
- Release version has been through standard QC but may have some as yet undetected issues – please contact us with questions
- Numerous cases of good data in convection
 - We would like to identify cases with APR3 data in precipitation and DAWN winds in nearby clear areas
 - Example: June 16 box?